

Guide to programming using RSF

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ABSTRACT

This guide demonstrates a simple time-domain finite-differences modeling code in RSF.

INTRODUCTION

This section presents time-domain finite-difference modeling ² written with the RSF library. The program is demonstrated with the C, C++ and Fortran 90 interfaces.

The acoustic wave-equation

$$\Delta U - \frac{1}{v^2} \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial t^2} = f(t) \quad (1)$$

can be written as

$$[\Delta U - f(t)] v^2 = \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial t^2} . \quad (2)$$

Δ is the Laplacian symbol, $f(t)$ is the source wavelet, v is the velocity, and U is a scalar wavefield.

A discrete time-step involves the following computations:

$$U_{i+1} = [\Delta U - f(t)] v^2 \Delta t^2 + 2U_i - U_{i-1} , \quad (3)$$

where U_{i-1} , U_i and U_{i+1} represent the propagating wavefield at various time steps.

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²“Hello world” of seismic imaging.

C PROGRAM

```

1  /* time-domain acoustic FD modeling */
2  #include <rsf.h>
3  int main(int argc, char* argv[])
4  {
5      /* Laplacian coefficients */
6      float c0=-30./12.,c1=+16./12.,c2=- 1./12.;
7
8      bool verb;          /* verbose flag */
9      sf_file Fw=NULL,Fv=NULL,Fr=NULL,Fo=NULL; /* I/O files */
10     sf_axis at,az,ax;   /* cube axes */
11     int it,iz,ix;      /* index variables */
12     int nt,nz,nx;
13     float dt,dz,dx,idx,idz,dt2;
14
15     float **ww,**vv,**rr; /* I/O arrays*/
16     float **um,**uo,**up,**ud; /* tmp arrays */
17
18     sf_init(argc,argv);
19     if(! sf_getbool("verb",&verb)) verb=0; /* verbose flag */
20
21     /* setup I/O files */
22     Fw = sf_input ("in");
23     Fo = sf_output("out");
24     Fv = sf_input ("vel");
25     Fr = sf_input ("ref");
26
27     /* Read/Write axes */
28     at = sf_iaxa(Fw,1); nt = sf_n(at); dt = sf_d(at);
29     az = sf_iaxa(Fv,1); nz = sf_n(az); dz = sf_d(az);
30     ax = sf_iaxa(Fv,2); nx = sf_n(ax); dx = sf_d(ax);
31
32     sf_oaxa(Fo,az,1);
33     sf_oaxa(Fo,ax,2);
34     sf_oaxa(Fo,at,3);
35
36     dt2 = dt*dt;
37     idz = 1/(dz*dz);
38     idx = 1/(dx*dx);
39
40     /* read wavelet, velocity & reflectivity */
41     ww=sf_floatalloc(nt); sf_floatread(ww,nt,Fw);
42     vv=sf_floatalloc2(nz,nx); sf_floatread(vv[0],nz*nx,Fv);
43     rr=sf_floatalloc2(nz,nx); sf_floatread(rr[0],nz*nx,Fr);
44
45     /* allocate temporary arrays */
46     um=sf_floatalloc2(nz,nx);
47     uo=sf_floatalloc2(nz,nx);
48     up=sf_floatalloc2(nz,nx);
49     ud=sf_floatalloc2(nz,nx);
50
51     for (ix=0; ix<nx; ix++) {
52         for (iz=0; iz<nz; iz++) {
53             um[ix][iz]=0;
54             uo[ix][iz]=0;
55             up[ix][iz]=0;
56             ud[ix][iz]=0;
57         }
58     }
59
60     /* MAIN LOOP */
61     if(verb) fprintf(stderr,"\n");
62     for (it=0; it<nt; it++) {
63         if(verb) fprintf(stderr," \b\b\b\b\b%d",it);
64
65         /* 4th order laplacian */
66         for (iz=2; iz<nz-2; iz++) {
67             for (ix=2; ix<nx-2; ix++) {
68                 ud[ix][iz] =
69                     c0* uo[ix][iz] * (idx+idz) +
70                     c1*(uo[ix-1][iz] + uo[ix+1][iz])*idx +
71                     c2*(uo[ix-2][iz] + uo[ix+2][iz])*idx +
72                     c1*(uo[ix][iz-1] + uo[ix][iz+1])*idz +
73                     c2*(uo[ix][iz-2] + uo[ix][iz+2])*idz;
74             }
75         }
76
77         /* inject wavelet */
78         for (iz=0; iz<nz; iz++) {
79             for (ix=0; ix<nx; ix++) {
80                 ud[ix][iz] -= ww[it] * rr[ix][iz];
81             }
82         }
83
84         /* scale by velocity */
85         for (iz=0; iz<nz; iz++) {
86             for (ix=0; ix<nx; ix++) {
87                 ud[ix][iz] *= vv[ix][iz]*vv[ix][iz];
88             }
89         }

```

```

90     /* time step */
91     for (iz=0; iz<nz; iz++) {
92         for (ix=0; ix<nx; ix++) {
93             up[ix][iz] =
94                 2*uo[ix][iz]
95                 - um[ix][iz]
96                 + ud[ix][iz] * dt2;
97
98             um[ix][iz] = uo[ix][iz];
99             uo[ix][iz] = up[ix][iz];
100         }
101     }
102
103     /* write wavefield to output */
104     sf_floatwrite(uo[0], nz*nx, Fo);
105 }
106 if(verb) fprintf(stderr, "\n");
107
108 exit (0);
109 }
110

```

- Declare input, output and auxiliary file tags: **Fw** for input wavelet, **Fv** for velocity, **Fr** for reflectivity, and **Fo** for output wavefield.

```

9 sf_file Fw=NULL, Fv=NULL, Fr=NULL, Fo=NULL; /* I/O files */

```

- Declare RSF cube axes: **at** time axis, **ax** space axis, **az** depth axis.

```

10 sf_axis at, az, ax; /* cube axes */

```

- Declare multi-dimensional arrays for input, output and computations.

```

14 float **ww,**vv,**rr; /* I/O arrays*/
15

```

- Open files for input/output.

```

22 Fw = sf_input ("in" );
23 Fo = sf_output("out" );
24 Fv = sf_input ("vel" );
25 Fr = sf_input ("ref" );

```

- Read axes from input files; write axes to output file.

```

28 at = sf_iaxa(Fw,1); nt = sf_n(at); dt = sf_d(at);
29 az = sf_iaxa(Fv,1); nz = sf_n(az); dz = sf_d(az);
30 ax = sf_iaxa(Fv,2); nx = sf_n(ax); dx = sf_d(ax);
31
32 sf_oaxa(Fo, az, 1);
33 sf_oaxa(Fo, ax, 2);
34 sf_oaxa(Fo, at, 3);

```

- Allocate arrays and read wavelet, velocity and reflectivity.

```

41 ww=sf_floatalloc(nt); sf_floatread(ww, nt, Fw);
42 vv=sf_floatalloc2(nz, nx); sf_floatread(vv[0], nz*nx, Fv);
43 rr=sf_floatalloc2(nz, nx); sf_floatread(rr[0], nz*nx, Fr);

```

- Allocate temporary arrays.

```

46 um=sf_floatalloc2(nz, nx);
47 uo=sf_floatalloc2(nz, nx);
48 up=sf_floatalloc2(nz, nx);
49 ud=sf_floatalloc2(nz, nx);

```

- Loop over time.

```

62 for (it=0; it<nt; it++) {

```

- Compute Laplacian: ΔU .

```

66     for ( iz=2; iz<nz-2; iz++) {
67         for ( ix=2; ix<nx-2; ix++) {
68             ud[ix][iz] =
69                 c0* uo[ix ][iz ] * (idx+idz) +
70                 c1*(uo[ix -1][iz ] + uo[ix +1][iz ])*idx +
71                 c2*(uo[ix -2][iz ] + uo[ix +2][iz ])*idx +
72                 c1*(uo[ix ][iz -1] + uo[ix ][iz +1])*idz +
73                 c2*(uo[ix ][iz -2] + uo[ix ][iz +2])*idz;
74         }
75     }

```

- Inject source wavelet: $[\Delta U - f(t)]$

```

79     for ( iz=0; iz<nz; iz++) {
80         for ( ix=0; ix<nx; ix++) {
81             ud[ix][iz] -= ww[it] * rr[ix][iz];
82         }
83     }

```

- Scale by velocity: $[\Delta U - f(t)] v^2$

```

85     for ( iz=0; iz<nz; iz++) {
86         for ( ix=0; ix<nx; ix++) {
87             ud[ix][iz] *= vv[ix][iz]*vv[ix][iz];
88         }
89     }

```

- Time step: $U_{i+1} = [\Delta U - f(t)] v^2 \Delta t^2 + 2U_i - U_{i-1}$

```

92     for ( iz=0; iz<nz; iz++) {
93         for ( ix=0; ix<nx; ix++) {
94             up[ix][iz] =
95                 2*uo[ix][iz]
96                 - um[ix][iz]
97                 + ud[ix][iz] * dt2;
98
99             um[ix][iz] = uo[ix][iz];
100            uo[ix][iz] = up[ix][iz];
101        }
102    }

```

C++ PROGRAM

```

1 // time-domain acoustic FD modeling
2 #include <valarray>
3 #include <iostream>
4 #include <rsf.hh>
5 #include <cub.hh>
6 #include <vai.hh>
7 using namespace std;
8
9 int main(int argc, char* argv[])
10 {
11     // Laplacian coefficients
12     float c0=-30./12.,c1=+16./12.,c2=- 1./12.;
13
14     sf_init(argc,argv); // init RSF
15     bool verb; // verbose flag
16     if(! sf_getbool("verb",&verb)) verb=0;
17
18     // setup I/O files
19     CUB Fw("in", "i"); Fw.headin(); //Fw.report();
20     CUB Fv("vel", "i"); Fv.headin(); //Fv.report();
21     CUB Fr("ref", "i"); Fr.headin(); //Fr.report();
22     CUB Fo("out", "o"); Fo.setup(3,Fv.esize());
23
24     // Read/Write axes
25     sf_axis at = Fw.getax(0); int nt = sf.n(at); float dt = sf.d(at);
26     sf_axis az = Fv.getax(0); int nz = sf.n(az); float dz = sf.d(az);
27     sf_axis ax = Fv.getax(1); int nx = sf.n(ax); float dx = sf.d(ax);
28
29     Fo.putax(0,az);
30     Fo.putax(1,ax);
31     Fo.putax(2,at);
32     Fo.headou();
33
34     float dt2 = dt*dt;
35     float idz = 1/(dz*dz);
36     float idx = 1/(dx*dx);
37
38     // read wavelet, velocity and reflectivity
39     valarray<float> ww( nt ); ww=0; Fw >> ww;
40     valarray<float> vv( nz*nx ); vv=0; Fv >> vv;
41     valarray<float> rr( nz*nx ); rr=0; Fr >> rr;
42
43     // allocate temporary arrays
44     valarray<float> um(nz*nx); um=0;
45     valarray<float> uo(nz*nx); uo=0;
46     valarray<float> up(nz*nx); up=0;
47     valarray<float> ud(nz*nx); ud=0;
48
49     // init ValArray Index counter
50     VAI k(nz,nx);
51
52     // MAIN LOOP
53     if(verb) cerr << endl;
54     for (int it=0; it<nt; it++) {
55         if(verb) cerr << "\b\b\b\b\b" << it;
56
57         // 4th order laplacian
58         for (int iz=2; iz<nz-2; iz++) {
59             for (int ix=2; ix<nx-2; ix++) {
60                 ud[k(iz,ix)] =
61                 c0* uo[ k(iz,ix) ] * (idx+idz) +
62                 c1*(uo[ k(iz,ix-1)]+uo[ k(iz,ix+1)]) * idx +
63                 c1*(uo[ k(iz-1,ix) ]+uo[ k(iz+1,ix) ]) * idz +
64                 c2*(uo[ k(iz,ix-2)]+uo[ k(iz,ix+2)]) * idx +
65                 c2*(uo[ k(iz-2,ix) ]+uo[ k(iz+2,ix) ]) * idz;
66             }
67         }
68
69         // inject wavelet
70         ud -= ww[it] * rr;
71
72         // scale by velocity
73         ud *= vv*vv;
74
75         // time step
76         up=(float)2 * uo - um + ud * dt2;
77         um = uo;
78         uo = up;
79
80         // write wavefield to output output
81         Fo << uo;
82     }
83     if(verb) cerr << endl;
84     exit(0);
85 }
86

```

1. Declare input, output and auxiliary file cubes (of type CUB).

```

19 CUB Fw("in", "i"); Fw.headin(); //Fw.report();
20 CUB Fv("vel", "i"); Fv.headin(); //Fv.report();
21 CUB Fr("ref", "i"); Fr.headin(); //Fr.report();
22 CUB Fo("out", "o"); Fo.setup(3, Fv.esize());

```

2. Declare, read and write RSF cube axes: at time axis, ax space axis, az depth axis.

```

25 sf_axis at = Fw.getax(0); int nt = sf.n(at); float dt = sf.d(at);
26 sf_axis az = Fv.getax(0); int nz = sf.n(az); float dz = sf.d(az);
27 sf_axis ax = Fv.getax(1); int nx = sf.n(ax); float dx = sf.d(ax);
28
29 Fo.putax(0, az);
30 Fo.putax(1, ax);
31 Fo.putax(2, at);
32 Fo.headou();

```

3. Declare multi-dimensional valarrays for input, output and read data.

```

39 valarray<float> ww( nt ); ww=0; Fw >> ww;
40 valarray<float> vv( nz*nx ); vv=0; Fv >> vv;
41 valarray<float> rr( nz*nx ); rr=0; Fr >> rr;

```

4. Declare multi-dimensional valarrays for temporary storage.

```

44 valarray<float> um(nz*nx); um=0;
45 valarray<float> uo(nz*nx); uo=0;
46 valarray<float> up(nz*nx); up=0;
47 valarray<float> ud(nz*nx); ud=0;

```

5. Initialize multidimensional valarray index counter (of type VAI).

```

50 VAI k(nz, nx);

```

6. Loop over time.

```

54 for (int it=0; it<nt; it++) {

```

7. Compute Laplacian: ΔU .

```

58 for (int iz=2; iz<nz-2; iz++) {
59     for (int ix=2; ix<nx-2; ix++) {
60         ud[k(iz, ix)] =
61             c0* uo[ k(iz, ix) ] * (idx+idz) +
62             c1*(uo[ k(iz, ix-1)]+uo[ k(iz, ix+1)]) * idx +
63             c1*(uo[ k(iz-1, ix) ]+uo[ k(iz+1, ix) ]) * idz +
64             c2*(uo[ k(iz, ix-2)]+uo[ k(iz, ix+2)]) * idx +
65             c2*(uo[ k(iz-2, ix) ]+uo[ k(iz+2, ix) ]) * idz;
66     }
67 }

```

8. Inject source wavelet: $[\Delta U - f(t)]$

```

70 ud -= ww[it] * rr;

```

9. Scale by velocity: $[\Delta U - f(t)] v^2$

```

73 ud *= vv*vv;

```

10. Time step: $U_{i+1} = [\Delta U - f(t)] v^2 \Delta t^2 + 2U_i - U_{i-1}$

```

76 up=(float)2 * uo - um + ud * dt2;
77 um = uo;
78 uo = up;

```

FORTRAN 90 PROGRAM

```

1  ! time-domain acoustic FD modeling
2  program AFDmF90
3  use rsf
4
5  implicit none
6
7  ! Laplacian coefficients
8  real :: c0=-30./12.,c1=+16./12.,c2=- 1./12.
9
10 logical :: verb ! verbose flag
11 type(file) :: Fw,Fv,Fr,Fo ! I/O files
12 type(axes) :: at,az,ax ! cube axes
13 integer :: it,iz,ix ! index variables
14 real :: idx,idz,dt2
15
16 real, allocatable :: vv(:,:), rr(:,:), ww(:) ! I/O arrays
17 real, allocatable :: um(:,:), uo(:,:), up(:,:), ud(:,:) ! tmp arrays
18
19 call sf_init() ! init RSF
20 call from_par("verb",verb,.false.)
21
22 ! setup I/O files
23 Fw=rsf_input("in")
24 Fv=rsf_input("vel")
25 Fr=rsf_input("ref")
26 Fo=rsf_output("out")
27
28 ! Read/Write axes
29 call iaxa(Fw,at,1); call iaxa(Fv,ax,2)
30 call oaxa(Fo,az,1); call oaxa(Fo,ax,2); call oaxa(Fo,at,3)
31
32 dt2 = at%dt*at%dt
33 idz = 1/(az%dt*az%dt)
34 idx = 1/(ax%dt*ax%dt)
35
36 ! read wavelet, velocity & reflectivity
37 allocate(ww(at%n )); ww=0.; call rsf_read(Fw,ww)
38 allocate(vv(az%n,ax%n)); vv=0.; call rsf_read(Fv,vv)
39 allocate(rr(az%n,ax%n)); rr=0.; call rsf_read(Fr,rr)
40
41 ! allocate temporary arrays
42 allocate(um(az%n,ax%n)); um=0.
43 allocate(uo(az%n,ax%n)); uo=0.
44 allocate(up(az%n,ax%n)); up=0.
45 allocate(ud(az%n,ax%n)); ud=0.
46
47 ! MAIN LOOP
48 do it=1,at%n
49 if(verb) write(0,*) it
50
51 ! 4th order laplacian
52 do iz=2,az%n-2
53 do ix=2,ax%n-2
54 ud(iz,ix) = &
55 c0* uo(iz , ix ) * (idx + idz) + &
56 c1*(uo(iz ,ix-1) + uo(iz ,ix+1))*idx + &
57 c2*(uo(iz ,ix-2) + uo(iz ,ix+2))*idx + &
58 c1*(uo(iz-1,ix ) + uo(iz+1,ix ))*idz + &
59 c2*(uo(iz-2,ix ) + uo(iz+2,ix ))*idz
60 end do
61 end do
62
63 ! inject wavelet
64 ud = ud - ww(it) * rr
65
66 ! scale by velocity
67 ud= ud *vv*vv
68
69 ! time step
70 up = 2*uo - um + ud * dt2
71 um = uo
72 uo = up
73
74 ! write wavefield to output
75 call rsf_write(Fo,uo)
76 end do
77
78 call exit(0)
79 end program AFDmF90

```

- Declare input, output and auxiliary file tags.

```
11  type(file)  :: Fw,Fv,Fr,Fo  ! I/O files
```

- Declare RSF cube axes: **at** time axis, **ax** space axis, **az** depth axis.

```
12  type(axes)  :: at,az,ax  ! cube axes
```

- Declare multi-dimensional arrays for input, output and computations.

```
16  real, allocatable :: vv(:,,:), rr(:,,:), ww(:)           ! I/O arrays
17  real, allocatable :: um(:,,:), uo(:,,:), up(:,,:), ud(:,,:) ! tmp arrays
```

- Open files for input/output.

```
23  Fw=rsf_input("in")
24  Fv=rsf_input("vel")
25  Fr=rsf_input("ref")
26  Fo=rsf_output("out")
```

- Read axes from input files; write axes to output file.

```
29  call iaxa(Fw,at,1); call iaxa(Fv,az,1); call iaxa(Fv,ax,2)
30  call oaxa(Fo,az,1); call oaxa(Fo,ax,2); call oaxa(Fo,at,3)
```

- Allocate arrays and read wavelet, velocity and reflectivity.

```
37  allocate(ww(at%n)); ww=0.; call rsf_read(Fw,ww)
38  allocate(vv(az%n,ax%n)); vv=0.; call rsf_read(Fv,vv)
39  allocate(rr(az%n,ax%n)); rr=0.; call rsf_read(Fr,rr)
```

- Allocate temporary arrays.

```
42  allocate(um(az%n,ax%n)); um=0.
43  allocate(uo(az%n,ax%n)); uo=0.
44  allocate(up(az%n,ax%n)); up=0.
45  allocate(ud(az%n,ax%n)); ud=0.
```

- Loop over time.

```
48  do it=1,at%n
```

- Compute Laplacian: ΔU .

```
52  do iz=2,az%n-2
53  do ix=2,ax%n-2
54  ud(iz,ix) = &
55  c0*uo(iz,ix) * (idx + idz) + &
56  c1*(uo(iz,ix-1) + uo(iz,ix+1))*idx + &
57  c2*(uo(iz,ix-2) + uo(iz,ix+2))*idx + &
58  c1*(uo(iz-1,ix) + uo(iz+1,ix))*idz + &
59  c2*(uo(iz-2,ix) + uo(iz+2,ix))*idz
60
61  end do
end do
```

- Inject source wavelet: $[\Delta U - f(t)]$

```
64  ud = ud - ww(it) * rr
```

- Scale by velocity: $[\Delta U - f(t)] v^2$

```
67  ud= ud * vv*vv
```

- Time step: $U_{i+1} = [\Delta U - f(t)] v^2 \Delta t^2 + 2U_i - U_{i-1}$

```
70  up = 2*uo - um + ud * dt2
71  um = uo
72  uo = up
```